according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : 953G-401 TOPCOAT PEWTER

Product code : D15444892

SDS-Identcode : 130000127967

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : The Chemours Company FC, LLC

Address : 1007 Market Street

Wilmington, DE 19801 United States of America (USA)

Telephone : 1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000)

Emergency telephone : Medical emergency: 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-

773-2000); Transport emergency: +1-800-424-9300 (outside

the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings

Restrictions on use : For industrial use only.

Do not use or resell Chemours[™] materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless agreed to by Seller in a written agreement covering such use. For further information,

please contact your Chemours representative.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Eye irritation : Category 2A

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H227 Combustible liquid.

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H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flame and hot surfac-

es. No smoking.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection and face protec-

tion.

Response:

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards

The thermal decomposition vapors of fluorinated plastics may cause polymer fume fever with flulike symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Paint

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Mica	12001-26-2	>= 1 - < 5
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	102-71-6	>= 1 - < 5
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6	>= 1 - < 5
2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-	60828-78-6	>= 1 - < 5
nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol		
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	>= 1 - < 5
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	>= 1 - < 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

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If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride

potentially toxic fluorinated compounds

aerosolized particulates

Carbon oxides
Metal oxides
Silicon oxides

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment:

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used.

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

iet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine

which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and

other ignition sources. No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not breathe decomposition products.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents

Explosives Gases

Recommended storage tem: :

perature

41 - 77 °F / 5 - 25 °C

Further information on stor-

age stability

Do not freeze.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Mica	12001-26-2	TWA (Respirable particulate matter)	0.1 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA (Dust)	20 Million par- ticles per cubic foot	OSHA Z-3
		TWA (Respirable)	3 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	102-71-6	TWA	5 mg/m ³	ACGIH

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Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6	TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
		TWA (Inhal-	5 mg/m³	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		
		TWA (Mist)	5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		ST (Mist)	10 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	TWA (Res-	2.5 mg/m ³	ACGIH
		pirable par-	(Titanium dioxide)	
		ticulate mat-		
		ter)		
		TWA (total	15 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
		dust)		
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	TWA (Inhal-	10 ppm	ACGIH
		able fraction		
		and vapor)		
Carbon black	1333-86-4	TWA (Inhal-	3 mg/m³	ACGIH
		able particu-		
		late matter)		
		TWA	3.5 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	3.5 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1

This substance(s) is not bioavailable and therefore does not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Carbon black

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	TWA	0.5 ppm (Fluorine)	ACGIH
		С	2 ppm (Fluorine)	ACGIH
		TWA	3 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		С	6 ppm 5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	3 ppm 2.5 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
Carbonyl difluoride	353-50-4	TWA	2 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	5 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	2 ppm 5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		ST	5 ppm 15 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	TWA	5,000 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	30,000 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		ST	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL

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		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	35 ppm 40 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		С	200 ppm 229 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	50 ppm 55 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
1-Propene, 1,1,3,3,3- pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-	382-21-8	С	0.01 ppm	ACGIH

Engineering measures

Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

10).

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment:

If assessment demonstrates that there is a risk of explosive

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atmospheres or flash fires, use flame retardant antistatic

protective clothing.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the wor-

king place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Color : gray

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : 8 - 11

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

212 °F / 100 °C

Flash point : 150.01 °F / 65.56 °C

Method: ISO 2719

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) : Ignitable (see flash point)

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

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Density : 1.3600 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 2 mPa.s

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Combustible liquid.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Hydrogen fluoride

Carbonyl difluoride Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

1-Propene, 1,1,3,3,3-pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 6,400 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 3,492 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.193 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 3,160 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,300 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Titanium dioxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 6.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

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Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Expert judgment

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2,410 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,764 mg/kg

Carbon black:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol:

Result : Skin irritation

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Carbon black:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Carbon black:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Test Type : Maximization Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact

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Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Titanium dioxide:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Routes of exposure : Inhalation Species : Mouse Result : negative

Routes of exposure : Inhalation Species : Humans Result : negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Carbon black:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Test Type: comet assay Method: OPPTS 870.5140

Result: positive

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo mammalian alkaline comet assay

Species: Rat

Application Route: intratracheal Method: OECD Test Guideline 489

Result: negative

Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 475

Result: negative

Test Type: Transgenic rodent germ cell gene mutation assay

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intravenous injection Method: OECD Test Guideline 488

Result: negative

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ

cell mutagen.

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Carbon black:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Species : Rat

Application Route : Skin contact Exposure time : 103 weeks Result : negative

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 105 weeks
Result : negative

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 103 weeks
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Carbon black:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 24 Months
Result : positive

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Carbon black 1333-86-4

OSHANo component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Reproduction/Developmental toxicity screening

test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 421

Result: negative

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Titanium dioxide:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 443

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Prenatal development toxicity study (teratogenicity)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Weight of evidence does not support classification for repro-

ductive toxicity

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Carbon black:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Result: negative

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Titanium dioxide:

Routes of exposure : Skin contact

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 2000 mg/kg bw or less

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 2000 mg/kg bw or less

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 5.0 mg/l/4h or less

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 200 mg/kg bw or less., No significant health effects observed in animals at concentrations of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

Titanium dioxide:

Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 100 mg/kg bw or less.

Routes of exposure : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 0.2 mg/l/6h/d or less.

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Routes of exposure : Ingestion

Assessment : No significant health effects observed in animals at concentra-

tions of 200 mg/kg bw or less.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 0.5 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 412

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 125 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 90 Days

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Species : Rat, female

NOAEL : 900 mg/m³

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 12 Months

Exposure une . 12 Monus

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Titanium dioxide:

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 24,000 mg/kg
LOAEL : > 24,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 28 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 407

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 0.01 mg/l LOAEL : 0.5 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Exposure time : 24 Months

Method : OECD Test Guideline 453

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Species : Rat, male and female

NOAEL : 962 mg/kg LOAEL : > 962 mg/kg

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Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 250 mg/kg
LOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 0.094 mg/lApplication Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

Titanium dioxide:

No aspiration toxicity classification

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 11,800 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Ceriodaphnia dubia (water flea)): 609.88 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 512 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Test substance: Neutralized product

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 26 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Neutralized product

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 16 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Toxicity to microorganisms IC50: > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Toxicity to fish LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 9.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms EC50: > 99 mg/l

Exposure time: 10 min

2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 39 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 81.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Titanium dioxide:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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LC50 (Marine species): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia sp. (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

EC50 (No species specified): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Method: ISO 10253

NOEC (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 3 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 5,600 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 d Method: ISO 10253

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,300 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >= 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: > 1,995 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Carbon black:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 1,000 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5,600 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Persistence and degradability

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 96 % Exposure time: 19 d

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 78 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2,6,8-Trimethyl-4-nonyloxypolyethyleneoxyethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 85 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Cyprinus carpio (Carp)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 3.9

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Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: -1.9

Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 3.7 - 4.5

Titanium dioxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 352

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or death. If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IATA-DGR

Not regulated as a dangerous good

IMDG-Code

Not regulated as a dangerous good

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1263
Proper shipping name : Paint

Class : CBL
Packing group : III
Labels : NONE
ERG Code : 128
Marine pollutant : no

Remarks : Above applies only to containers over 119 gallons or 450 li-

ters. Not regulated if shipped in packages less than or equal

to 119 gallons (450 liters).

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

Listed substances in the product are at low enough levels to not be expected to exceed the RQ

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

2-(2- 112-34-5 >= 1 - < 5 %

Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 < 0.1 %

Lead 7439-92-1 < 0.1 %

Volatile organic compounds

(VOC) content: 240.62 g/l

Remarks: less exempt

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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VOC content: 106.29 g/l Remarks: as packaged

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Fluoropolymer	Trade secret
Water	7732-18-5
Mica	12001-26-2
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	102-71-6
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2
Ammonium hydroxide	1336-21-6
Ammonium sulfate	7783-20-2
2,2'-Iminodiethanol	111-42-2

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and

Lead, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California List of Hazardous Substances

Mica	12001-26-2
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Mica	12001-26-2
2,2',2"-Nitrilotriethanol	102-71-6
Hydrocarbons, C9, aromatics	64742-95-6
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

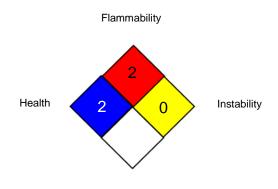
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NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

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For further information contact the local Chemours office or nominated distributors.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-2 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2 OSHA Z-3 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-3 Min-

eral Dusts

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

NIOSH REL / C : Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-2 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-3 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Data Sheet

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 11/05/2024

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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