according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product name : 850G-204 ONE COAT GREEN

Product code : D14567374

SDS-Identcode : 130000127761

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier : The Chemours Company FC, LLC

Address : 1007 Market Street

Wilmington, DE 19801 United States of America (USA)

Telephone : 1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000)

Emergency telephone : Medical emergency: 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-

773-2000); Transport emergency: +1-800-424-9300 (outside

the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings

Restrictions on use : For industrial use only.

Do not use or resell Chemours[™] materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless agreed to by Seller in a written agreement covering such use. For further information,

please contact your Chemours representative.

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS classification in accordance with the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity (Oral) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Inhalation) : Category 4

Acute toxicity (Dermal) : Category 3

Skin corrosion : Category 1

Serious eye damage : Category 1

Respiratory sensitization : Category 1

Skin sensitization : Category 1

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Germ cell mutagenicity : Category 1B

Carcinogenicity : Category 1B

Reproductive toxicity : Category 1B

Specific target organ toxicity

- repeated exposure

Category 1 (hematopoietic system, circulatory system)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal Word : Danger

Hazard Statements : H302 + H332 Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

H311 Toxic in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing diffi-

culties if inhaled.

H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H360FD May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. H372 Causes damage to organs (hematopoietic system, circula-

tory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary Statements : Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapors.

P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P272 Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of

the workplace.

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection

and face protection.

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protec-

tion.

Response:

P301 + P330 + P331 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a POISON CENTER. P303 + P361 + P353 + P310 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P304 + P340 + P310 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON

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CENTER.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

P342 + P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor.

P361 + P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Storage:

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents and container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards

The thermal decomposition vapors of fluorinated plastics may cause polymer fume fever with flulike symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Chemical nature : Paint

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Chromic acid	7738-94-5	>= 5 - < 10
Chromium oxide	1308-38-9	>= 5 - < 10
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	>= 1 - < 5
Sodium lauryl sulfate	73296-89-6	>= 1 - < 5
Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-	55965-84-9	>= 0.0015 - < 0.06
isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7]		
and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC		
no. 220-239-6] (3:1)		

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

Alternative CAS Numbers for some regions

Chemical name	Alternative CAS Number(s)
Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-	2682-20-4, 26172-55-4
one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-	
isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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General advice In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical ad-

vice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

> If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Get medical attention immediately.

In case of skin contact In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing

and shoes.

Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention immediately.

If swallowed If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled.

Toxic in contact with skin.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye damage.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficul-

ties if inhaled.

May cause genetic defects.

May cause cancer.

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Causes severe burns.

Causes digestive tract burns.

Excessive exposure may aggravate preexisting asthma and other respiratory disorders (e.g. emphysema, bronchitis, reac-

tive airways dysfunction syndrome). Corrosive to respiratory system.

Protection of first-aiders First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

> and use the recommended personal protective equipment when the potential for exposure exists (see section 8).

: Treat symptomatically and supportively. Notes to physician

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

None known.

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod: :

ucts

Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride

potentially toxic fluorinated compounds

aerosolized particulates

Carbon oxides

Chromium compounds Oxides of phosphorus

Metal oxides

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment :

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective agreement and amor

gency procedures

tive equipment and emer-

Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice (see section 7) and personal pro-

tective equipment recommendations (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid release to the environment.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate container. Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable absor-

bent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items em-

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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ployed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine

which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe mist or vapors.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure as-

sessment

Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitized individuals, and those susceptible

to asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease, should consult their physician regarding working with respira-

tory irritants or sensitizers.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Do not breathe decomposition products.

Conditions for safe storage :

Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations. Reacts with many metals to liberate hydrogen gas which can form explosive mixtures with air. Hydrogen, a highly flammable gas, can accumulate to explosive concentrations inside drums, or any types of steel containers or tanks upon storage.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Self-reactive substances and mixtures

Organic peroxides

Explosives Gases

Recommended storage tem- :

perature

39 °F / 4 °C

Storage period : 12 Months

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Further information on stor-

age stability

Do not freeze.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of	Control parame- ters / Permissible	Basis
		exposure)	concentration	
Chromic acid	7738-94-5	CEIL	1 mg/10m3 (CrO3)	OSHA Z-2
		TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	0.0002 mg/m³ (Cr(VI): Hexava- lent chromium)	ACGIH
		STEL (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	0.0005 mg/m ³ (Cr(VI): Hexava- lent chromium)	ACGIH
		PEL	0.005 mg/m³ (chromium)	OSHA CARC
		TWA	0.0002 mg/m ³ (chromium)	NIOSH REL
Chromium oxide	1308-38-9	TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (chromium)	OSHA Z-1
		TWA	0.5 mg/m³ (chromium)	NIOSH REL
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	TWA	1 mg/m³	ACGIH
·		STEL	3 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA	1 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		ST	3 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	1 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1

Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Hydrogen fluoride	7664-39-3	TWA	0.5 ppm (Fluorine)	ACGIH
		С	2 ppm (Fluorine)	ACGIH
		С	6 ppm 5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	3 ppm 2.5 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	3 ppm	OSHA Z-2
Carbonyl difluoride	353-50-4	TWA	2 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	5 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	2 ppm 5 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		ST	5 ppm	NIOSH REL

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			15 mg/m³	
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	TWA	5,000 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	30,000 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		ST	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m ³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m ³	OSHA Z-1
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	35 ppm 40 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		С	200 ppm 229 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	50 ppm 55 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1

Engineering measures

Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

10).

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

If sufficient ventilation is unavailable, use with local exhaust

ventilation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves

Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Wash hands before breaks

and at the end of workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Chemical resistant goggles must be worn.

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If splashes are likely to occur, wear:

Face-shield

Skin and body protection Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures If exposure to chemical is likely during typical use, provide

eye flushing systems and safety showers close to the wor-

king place.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the

workplace.

Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance liquid

Color green

Odor No data available

Odor Threshold No data available

pΗ

Melting point/freezing point No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling : $> 212 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, / > 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

range

Flash point does not flash

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable

Flammability (liquids) Not applicable

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

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Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : 1.3940 g/cm³

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, dynamic : 32 mPa.s

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle characteristics

Particle size : Not applicable

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : None known.

Incompatible materials : Bases

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Hydrogen fluoride

Carbonyl difluoride Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

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SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

Acute toxicity

Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled. Toxic in contact with skin.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1,448 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 1.57 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 950.03 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

Chromic acid:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 90.5 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.094 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 57 mg/kg

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Chromium oxide:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.41 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Phosphoric acid:

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Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 423

Acute inhalation toxicity : Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 64 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 0.171 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 87.12 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes or less of exposure

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Chromium oxide:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation

Phosphoric acid:

Result : Corrosive after 3 minutes to 1 hour of exposure

Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Corrosive after 1 to 4 hours of exposure

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks : Based on national or regional regulation.

Chromium oxide:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Phosphoric acid:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye Remarks : Based on skin corrosivity.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

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Result : positive

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Assessment : Probability or evidence of skin sensitization in humans

Routes of exposure : Inhalation
Species : Humans
Result : positive

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Assessment : May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Chromium oxide:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : positive

Assessment : Probability or evidence of high skin sensitization rate in hu-

mans

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Rodent dominant lethal test (germ cell) (in vivo)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

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Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

Positive result(s) from in vivo heritable germ cell mutagenicity

tests in mammals

Chromium oxide:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Phosphoric acid:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Species : Rat Application Route : Inhalation

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Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : positive

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animal experiments

Chromium oxide:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Species : Rat

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 2 Years

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

IARC Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

Chromic acid 7738-94-5

(chromium[VI] compounds)

OSHA Specifically regulated carcinogen

Chromic acid 7738-94-5

(Chromium (VI) and compounds)

NTP No ingredient of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

Reproductive toxicity

May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: positive

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on sexual function and ferti-

lity, based on animal experiments., Clear evidence of adverse

effects on development, based on animal experiments.

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П

Chromium oxide:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Phosphoric acid:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Combined repeated dose toxicity study with the

reproduction/developmental toxicity screening test

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 422

Result: negative

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT-single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

STOT-repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (hematopoietic system, circulatory system) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Components:

Chromic acid:

Target Organs : hematopoietic system, circulatory system

Assessment : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Chromium oxide:

Species : Rat

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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NOAEL 2,000 mg/kg Application Route Ingestion Exposure time 90 Days

Phosphoric acid:

Species Rat NOAEL 250 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 40 - 52 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 422

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Species Rat

NOAEL : > 430 mg/kgApplication Route : Ingestion Exposure time 90 Days

Remarks Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

Chromic acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 10 - 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 0.1 - 1

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): > 0.01 - 0.1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 0.1 - 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 60 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other : NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1 mg/l

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

Exposure time: 14 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Chromium oxide:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 848.6

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 0.02 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility.

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 10,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Phosphoric acid:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oryzias latipes (Japanese medaka)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

: ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

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Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to algae/aquatic EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 20 mg/l

plants Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.11 mg/l

Exposure time: 34 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aguatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Toxicity to microorganisms EC10 (Pseudomonas putida): 1,083.85 mg/l

> Exposure time: 16 h Method: DIN 38 412 Part 8

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2Hisothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

: LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.19 mg/l Toxicity to fish

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.16 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.0052 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.00049 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.02 mg/l

Exposure time: 36 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other: aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.10 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Biodegradability Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 100 %

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 62 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301B

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Chromium oxide:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Fish

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 260 - 800

Sodium lauryl sulfate:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: <= -2.1

Mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1):

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: < 1

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Do not dispose of waste into sewer.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number : UN 2922

Proper shipping name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Chromic acid, Phosphoric acid)

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Class : 8
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : II
Labels : 8 (6.1)
Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 2922

Proper shipping name : Corrosive liquid, toxic, n.o.s.

(Chromic acid, Phosphoric acid)

Class : 8 Subsidiary risk : 6.1 Packing group : II

Labels : Corrosive, Toxic

Packing instruction (cargo : 855

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 851

ger aircraft)

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 2922

Proper shipping name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S.

(Chromic acid, Phosphoric acid)

Class : 8
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : II
Labels : 8 (6.1)
EmS Code : F-A, S-B
Marine pollutant : yes

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

Domestic regulation

49 CFR

UN/ID/NA number : UN 2922

Proper shipping name : Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s.

(Chromic acid, Phosphoric acid)

Class : 8
Subsidiary risk : 6.1
Packing group : II

Labels : CORROSIVE, TOXIC

ERG Code : 154

Marine pollutant : yes(Chromic acid)

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

CERCLA Reportable Quantity

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ Calculated product	
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Chromic acid	7738-94-5	10	166
Phosphoric acid	7664-38-2	5000	108068

SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 304 EHS RQ.

SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Skin corrosion or irritation

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels es-

tablished by SARA Title III, Section 313:

Chromic acid 7738-94-5 >= 5 - < 10 %

Chromium oxide 1308-38-9 >= 5 - < 10 %

Mercury 7439-97-6 < 0.1 %

Lead 7439-92-1 < 0.1 %

Volatile organic compounds

(VOC) content VOC content: 41.82 g/l

Remarks: less exempt

VOC content: 19.17 g/l Remarks: as packaged

US State Regulations

Pennsylvania Right To Know

Water 7732-18-5
Fluoropolymer Trade secret
Chromic acid 7738-94-5
Chromium oxide 1308-38-9
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Chromic acid, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

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California List of Hazardous Substances

Chromic acid 7738-94-5
Chromium oxide 1308-38-9
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2

California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants

Chromic acid 7738-94-5
Chromium oxide 1308-38-9
Phosphoric acid 7664-38-2

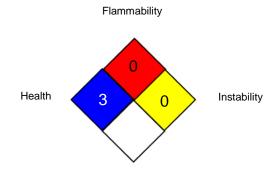
California Regulated Carcinogens

Chromic acid 7738-94-5

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Further information

NFPA 704:



Special hazard

HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

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For further information contact the local Chemours office or nominated distributors.

Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA CARC : OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-2 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

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workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

NIOSH REL / C : Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.

OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)
OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-2 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average
OSHA Z-2 / CEIL : Acceptable ceiling concentration

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

Data Sheet cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

Revision Date : 05/29/2024

Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information is designed only as a guidance for

according to the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard



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safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and shall not be considered a warranty or quality specification of any type. The information provided relates only to the specific material identified at the top of this SDS and may not be valid when the SDS material is used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. Material users should review the information and recommendations in the specific context of their intended manner of handling, use, processing and storage, including an assessment of the appropriateness of the SDS material in the user's end product, if applicable.

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