# 958G-203 ONE COAT BLACK



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#### **SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION**

Product name 958G-203 ONE COAT BLACK

Product code : D15058309

SDS-Identcode 130000127974

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company name of supplier The Chemours Company FC, LLC

Address 1007 Market Street

Wilmington, DE 19801 United States of America (USA)

1-844-773-CHEM (outside the U.S. 1-302-773-1000) Telephone

Medical emergency: 1-866-595-1473 (outside the U.S. 1-302-Emergency telephone

773-2000); Transport emergency: +1-800-424-9300 (outside

the U.S. +1-703-527-3887)

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Coatings

Restrictions on use For professional users only.

> Do not use or resell Chemours™ materials in medical applications involving implantation in the human body or contact with internal body fluids or tissues unless agreed to by Seller in a written agreement covering such use. For further information,

please contact your Chemours representative.

#### **SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### GHS classification in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200

Flammable liquids Category 3

Eye irritation Category 2A

Carcinogenicity Category 2

Reproductive toxicity Category 1B

Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single

exposure

Category 3

#### **GHS** label elements

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Hazard pictograms







Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

> H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H360D May damage the unborn child.

**Precautionary Statements** 

#### Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces.

No smokina.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating/ lighting/ equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapors. P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/

face protection.

#### Response:

P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304 + P340 + P312 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air

and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

P337 + P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.

#### Storage:

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

#### Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

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#### Other hazards

The thermal decomposition vapors of fluorinated plastics may cause polymer fume fever with flulike symptoms in humans, especially when smoking contaminated tobacco.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air.

#### **SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

#### Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	>= 30 - < 50
Isobutyl methyl ketone	108-10-1	>= 10 - < 20
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	>= 1 - < 5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	64742-95-6	>= 1 - < 5
arom.		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	>= 1 - < 5
Carbon black	1333-86-4	>= 1 - < 5
Cumene	98-82-8	>= 0.1 - < 1

Actual concentration is withheld as a trade secret

#### **SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

General advice : In the case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical

advice immediately.

When symptoms persist or in all cases of doubt seek medical

advice.

If inhaled : If inhaled, remove to fresh air.

Get medical attention.

In case of skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water.

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes.

Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse.

Thoroughly clean shoes before reuse.

In case of eye contact : In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes.

If easy to do, remove contact lens, if worn.

Get medical attention.

If swallowed, DO NOT induce vomiting.

If vomiting occurs have person lean forward.

Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Rinse mouth thoroughly with water.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage the unborn child.

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Protection of first-aiders : First Aid responders should pay attention to self-protection,

and use the recommended personal protective equipment

when the potential for exposure exists.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically and supportively.

#### **SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray

Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire

Flash back possible over considerable distance. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.

Exposure to combustion products may be a hazard to health.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides Hydrogen fluoride carbonyl fluoride

potentially toxic fluorinated compounds

aerosolized particulates

Formaldehyde

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local cir-

cumstances and the surrounding environment. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do

SO.

Evacuate area.

Special protective equipment

for fire-fighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Use personal protective equipment.

### **SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Personal precautions, protec- :

tive equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Remove all sources of ignition.
Use personal protective equipment.

Follow safe handling advice and personal protective

equipment recommendations.

Environmental precautions : Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

Prevent spreading over a wide area (e.g., by containment or

oil barriers).

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages

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cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Non-sparking tools should be used. Soak up with inert absorbent material.

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapors/mists with a water spray

jet.

For large spills, provide diking or other appropriate

containment to keep material from spreading. If diked material can be pumped, store recovered material in appropriate

container.

Clean up remaining materials from spill with suitable

absorbent.

Local or national regulations may apply to releases and disposal of this material, as well as those materials and items

employed in the cleanup of releases. You will need to determine which regulations are applicable.

Sections 13 and 15 of this SDS provide information regarding

certain local or national requirements.

#### **SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Technical measures : See Engineering measures under EXPOSURE

CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION section.

Local/Total ventilation : Use with local exhaust ventilation.

Use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation if advised by assessment of the local exposure

potential

Advice on safe handling : Do not get on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or spray mist.

Do not swallow. Do not get in eyes.

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice, based on the results of the workplace exposure

assessment

Non-sparking tools should be used. Keep container tightly closed.

Already sensitized individuals should consult their physician regarding working with respiratory irritants or sensitizers.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Take care to prevent spills, waste and minimize release to the

environment.

Conditions for safe storage : Keep in properly labeled containers.

Store locked up. Keep tightly closed.

Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.

Store in accordance with the particular national regulations.

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Materials to avoid : Do not store with the following product types:

Strong oxidizing agents





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Organic peroxides Flammable solids Pyrophoric liquids Pyrophoric solids

Self-heating substances and mixtures

Substances and mixtures which in contact with water emit

flammable gases

Explosives Gases

perature

Recommended storage tem- :  $41 - 77 \,^{\circ}F / 5 - 25 \,^{\circ}C$ 

Further information on stor-

age stability

Do not freeze.

### **SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Ingredients with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	TWA	10 ppm	US WEEL
Isobutyl methyl ketone	108-10-1	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	75 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	50 ppm 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		ST	75 ppm 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		TWA	100 ppm 410 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	TWA (Inhalable fraction and vapor)	10 ppm	ACGIH
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	TWA	500 ppm 2,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	TWA	25 ppm 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
Carbon black	1333-86-4	TWA (Inhalable fraction)	3 mg/m³	ACGIH
		TWA	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		TWA	3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
Cumene	98-82-8	TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	50 ppm 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		TWA	50 ppm 245 mg/m³	OSHA Z-1

These substance(s) are inextricably bound in the product and therefore do not contribute to a dust inhalation hazard.

Carbon black





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# Occupational exposure limits of decomposition products

Components	CAS-No.	Value type	Control parame-	Basis
		(Form of	ters / Permissible	
Hydrofluoric acid	7664-39-3	exposure) TWA	concentration 3 ppm	NIOSH REL
Hydrondone acid	7664-39-3	IVVA	2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH KEL
		С	6 ppm	NIOSH REL
			5 mg/m³	
		TWA	3 ppm	OSHA Z-2
		TWA	0.5 ppm	ACGIH
			(Fluorine)	
		С	2 ppm	ACGIH
			(Fluorine)	
Carbonyl difluoride	353-50-4	TWA	2 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	5 ppm	ACGIH
		ST	5 ppm 15 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		TWA	2 ppm	NIOSH REL
			5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	TWA	5,000 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	30,000 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	5,000 ppm	OSHA Z-1
			9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		TWA	5,000 ppm 9,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		ST	30,000 ppm 54,000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
Carbon monoxide	630-08-0	TWA	25 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	25	NIOCH DEL
		IVVA	35 ppm 40 mg/m³	NIOSH REL
		С	200 ppm	NIOSH REL
			229 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSITIKEE
		TWA	50 ppm	OSHA Z-1
			55 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
1-Propene, 1,1,3,3,3- pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-	382-21-8	С	0.01 ppm	ACGIH
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	TWA	0.016 ppm	NIOSH REL
		С	0.1 ppm	NIOSH REL
		PEL	0.75 ppm	OSHA CARC
		STEL	2 ppm	OSHA CARC
		TWA	0.016 ppm	NIOSH REL
			(Formaldehyde)	
		С	0.1 ppm (Formaldehyde)	NIOSH REL
		TWA	0.1 ppm	ACGIH
		STEL	0.1 ppm	ACGIH
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3	TWA	20 ppm	ACGIH
	71000			
		С	50 ppm	NIOSH REL





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			150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
		TWA	100 ppm 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	TWA	50 ppm	ACGIH
		TWA	50 ppm 150 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	NIOSH REL
		TWA	100 ppm 300 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	OSHA Z-1

### **Biological occupational exposure limits**

Components	CAS-No.	Control parameters	Biological specimen	Sam- pling time	Permissible concentration	Basis
N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4	5-Hydroxy- N-methyl-2- pyrrolidone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	100 mg/l	ACGIH BEI
Isobutyl methyl ketone	108-10-1	methyl isobutyl ketone	Urine	End of shift (As soon as possible after exposure ceases)	1 mg/l	ACGIH BEI

#### **Engineering measures**

Processing may form hazardous compounds (see section

10).

Minimize workplace exposure concentrations.

Use only in an area equipped with explosion-proof exhaust ventilation if advised by assessment of the local exposure

potential

Use with local exhaust ventilation.

### Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

General and local exhaust ventilation is recommended to maintain vapor exposures below recommended limits. Where concentrations are above recommended limits or are unknown, appropriate respiratory protection should be worn. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29 CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Protection provided by air purifying respirators against exposure to any

hazardous chemical is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for uncontrolled release, exposure levels are unknown, or any other

circumstance where air purifying respirators may not provide

adequate protection.

Hand protection

Material : Chemical-resistant gloves





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Remarks : Choose gloves to protect hands against chemicals depending

on the concentration specific to place of work. Breakthrough time is not determined for the product. Change gloves often! For special applications, we recommend clarifying the resistance to chemicals of the aforementioned protective gloves with the glove manufacturer. Take note that the product is flammable, which may impact the selection of hand

protection. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of

workday.

Eye protection : Wear the following personal protective equipment:

Safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Select appropriate protective clothing based on chemical

resistance data and an assessment of the local exposure

potential.

Wear the following personal protective equipment: Flame retardant antistatic protective clothing, unless assessment demonstrates that the risk of explosive

atmospheres or flash fires is low.

Skin contact must be avoided by using impervious protective

clothing (gloves, aprons, boots, etc).

Hygiene measures : Ensure that eye flushing systems and safety showers are

located close to the working place. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

#### **SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Appearance : liquid

Color : black

Odor : No data available

Odor Threshold : No data available

pH : No data available

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Initial boiling point and boiling :

range

> 140 °F / > 60 °C

Flash point : 96.01 °F / 35.56 °C

Method: ISO 2719

Evaporation rate : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable

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Flammability (liquids) : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper

flammability limit

No data available

Lower explosion limit / Lower

flammability limit

No data available

Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density : No data available

Density : 1.0500 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : No data available

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable

Autoignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : No data available

Viscosity

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The substance or mixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Particle size : Not applicable

#### **SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity : Not classified as a reactivity hazard.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

Flammable liquid and vapor.

Vapors may form explosive mixture with air. Can react with strong oxidizing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products will be formed at elevated

temperatures.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Oxidizing agents

Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition : Hydrofluoric acid

Carbonyl difluoride Carbon dioxide Carbon monoxide

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1-Propene, 1,1,3,3,3-pentafluoro-2-(trifluoromethyl)-

Formaldehyde Butan-1-ol

2-Methyl-1-propanol

#### **SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Skin contact Ingestion Eye contact

### **Acute toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

**Product:** 

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 4,710 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Acute inhalation toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: 57.82 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor
Method: Calculation method

Acute dermal toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

#### **Components:**

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 4,150 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Method: OECD Test Guideline 403

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,080 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): 11.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity





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2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Mouse): 2,410 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): 2,764 mg/kg

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 3,280 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 10.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: vapor

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 3,160 mg/kg

Carbon black:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 10,000 mg/kg

**Cumene:** 

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): 2,700 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation





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Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Remarks : Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Mild skin irritation

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : Skin irritation

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Species : Rabbit Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carbon black:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Cumene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Remarks : Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rabbit

Result : Irritation to eyes, reversing within 21 days

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation





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1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Carbon black:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405

Cumene:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Skin sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitization

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Routes of exposure : Skin contact

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : negative

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Test Type : Buehler Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

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1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Test Type : Maximization Test

Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

Carbon black:

Test Type : Buehler Test Routes of exposure : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : OECD Test Guideline 406

Result : negative

**Cumene:** 

Test Type : Maximization Test
Routes of exposure : Skin contact
Species : Guinea pig
Result : negative

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

**Components:** 

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: equivocal

Test Type: DNA damage and repair, unscheduled DNA syn-

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thesis in mammalian cells (in vitro)

Result: negative

Test Type: Saccharomyces cerevisiae, gene mutation assay

(in vitro)

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Result: negative

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vivo mammalian bone-marrow

cytogenetic test, chromosomal analysis)

Species: Rat

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: Mutagenicity (in vitro mammalian cytogenetic test)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

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Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Mammalian erythrocyte micronucleus test (in vivo

cytogenetic assay) Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carbon black:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Bacterial reverse mutation assay (AMES)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative

Test Type: In vitro sister chromatid exchange assay in mam-

malian cells

Method: OECD Test Guideline 479

Result: negative

Test Type: in vitro micronucleus test Method: OECD Test Guideline 487

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Sex-linked recessive lethal test in Drosophila mel-

anogaster (in vivo)

Species: Drosophila melanogaster (vinegar fly)

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Method: OECD Test Guideline 477

Result: negative

**Cumene:** 

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Intraperitoneal injection

Method: OECD Test Guideline 474

Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years





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Result : negative

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Species : Mouse

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 2 Years

Method : OECD Test Guideline 451

Result : positive

Remarks : The mechanism or mode of action may not be relevant in hu-

mans.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Mouse
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 102 weeks
Result : negative

Carbon black:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 24 Months
Result : positive

Species: RatApplication Route: IngestionExposure time: 2 YearsResult: negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

Weight of evidence does not support classification as a car-

cinogen

Cumene:

ment

Species : Rat

Application Route : inhalation (gas)
Exposure time : 105 weeks
Result : negative

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

IARC Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Isobutyl methyl ketone 108-10-1

Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Carbon black 1333-86-4

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Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

Cumene 98-82-8

**OSHA**No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is

on OSHA's list of regulated carcinogens.

NTP Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen

Cumene 98-82-8

### Reproductive toxicity

May damage the unborn child.

#### **Components:**

### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Method: OECD Test Guideline 416

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: positive

Test Type: Fertility/early embryonic development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: positive

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rabbit

**Application Route: Ingestion** 

Result: positive

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

Clear evidence of adverse effects on development, based on

animal experiments.

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: One-generation reproduction toxicity study

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Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Method: OECD Test Guideline 415

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Two-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation reproduction toxicity study

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Carbon black:

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-fetal development

Species: Mouse

Application Route: inhalation (dust/mist/fume)

Result: negative

Cumene:

Effects on fertility : Species: Rat, male

Application Route: inhalation (vapor)

Result: negative

Effects on fetal development : Test Type: Embryo-fetal development





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Species: Rat

Application Route: inhalation (vapor) Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

#### STOT-single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

### **Components:**

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Remarks : Based on harmonised classification in EU regulation

1272/2008, Annex VI

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Assessment : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

Cumene:

Assessment : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Repeated dose toxicity

### **Components:**

#### N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Species : Rat, male
NOAEL : 169 mg/kg
LOAEL : 433 mg/kg
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 4.106 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 14 Weeks

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion





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Exposure time : 13 Weeks

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 250 mg/kg LOAEL : 1,000 mg/kg Application Route : Ingestion Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 0.094 mg/l Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 413

Species : Rat

NOAEL : >= 2,000 mg/kg
Application Route : Skin contact
Exposure time : 90 Days

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Species : Rat NOAEL : 1.4 mg/l

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)
Exposure time : 107 Weeks

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 600 mg/kg

Application Route : Ingestion

Exposure time : 90 Days

Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Species : Rat

NOAEL : 1230 mg/m3 Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

**Cumene:** 

 Species
 : Rat

 NOAEL
 : 125 ppm

 LOAEL
 : 250 ppm

Application Route : inhalation (vapor)

Exposure time : 90 Days

**Aspiration toxicity** 

Not classified based on available information.

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#### Components:

### Isobutyl methyl ketone:

The substance or mixture causes concern owing to the assumption that it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

## Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

### 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### Cumene:

The substance or mixture is known to cause human aspiration toxicity hazards or has to be regarded as if it causes a human aspiration toxicity hazard.

#### **SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Ecotoxicity**

#### Components:

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 500 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h Method: DIN 38412

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 600.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 92.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 12.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC50: > 600 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min Method: ISO 8192

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 179 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

: EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 200 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 30 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)): 1,300 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other:

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOEC (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): >= 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to microorganisms : EC10: > 1,995 mg/l

Exposure time: 30 min

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 8.2 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 4.5 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 880

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.1

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 14 d

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 204

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Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 211

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 7.72 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 3.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 2.356 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

**Ecotoxicology Assessment** 

Chronic aquatic toxicity : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Carbon black:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Danio rerio (zebra fish)): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 5,600 mg/l

Exposure time: 24 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EL10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): > 10,000

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Test substance: Water Accommodated Fraction

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Cumene:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 4.8 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

ErC50 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 2.01 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h





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Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)): 1.35 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to daphnia and other : aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.35 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

## Persistence and degradability

#### **Components:**

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 73 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 83 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 85 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301C

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 77 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 60 % Exposure time: 28 d

Cumene:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 70 % Exposure time: 20 d

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#### Bioaccumulative potential

#### **Components:**

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: -0.46

Isobutyl methyl ketone:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 1.9

octanol/water

2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

log Pow: 1

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.:

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: log Pow: > 4

Cumene:

Partition coefficient: n-

log Pow: 3.55

octanol/water

Mobility in soil

No data available

Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

#### **SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**Disposal methods** 

Waste from residues : Dispose of in accordance with local regulations.

Contaminated packaging : Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste

handling site for recycling or disposal.

Empty containers retain residue and can be dangerous.

Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may explode and cause injury and/or

death.

If not otherwise specified: Dispose of as unused product.

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#### **SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### International Regulations

#### **UNRTDG**

UN number : UN 1263
Proper shipping name : PAINT
Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3

### IATA-DGR

UN/ID No. : UN 1263
Proper shipping name : Paint
Class : 3
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

Packing instruction (cargo : 36)

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen: 355

ger aircraft)

#### **IMDG-Code**

UN number : UN 1263 Proper shipping name : PAINT

Class : 3
Packing group : III
Labels : 3
EmS Code : F-E, S-E
Marine pollutant : no

#### Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **Domestic regulation**

### **49 CFR**

UN/ID/NA number : UN 1263
Proper shipping name : Paint

Class : 3 Packing group : III

Labels : FLAMMABLE LIQUID

ERG Code : 128 Marine pollutant : no

# Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.





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#### **SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

## **EPCRA - Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know**

#### **CERCLA Reportable Quantity**

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Isobutyl methyl ketone	108-10-1	5000	28366
Xylene	1330-20-7	100	81566
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	100	*

<sup>\*:</sup> Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

#### SARA 304 Extremely Hazardous Substances Reportable Quantity

Components	CAS-No.	Component RQ	Calculated product RQ
		(lbs)	(lbs)
Formaldehyde	50-00-0	100	*

<sup>\*:</sup> Calculated RQ exceeds reasonably attainable upper limit.

### SARA 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Threshold Planning Quantity

This material does not contain any components with a section 302 EHS TPQ.

SARA 311/312 Hazards	:	Flammable	(gases, ae	erosols,	liquids, c	r solids)

Serious eye damage or eye irritation

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 : The following components are subject to reporting levels

established by SARA Title III, Section 313:

N-Methyl-2- 872-50-4 >= 30 - < 50 %

pyrrolidone

Isobutyl methyl 108-10-1 >= 10 - < 20 %

ketone

2-(2- 112-34-5 >= 1 - < 5 %

Butoxyethoxy)ethanol

1,2,4- 95-63-6 >= 1 - < 5 %

Trimethylben-

zene

Cumene 98-82-8 >= 0.1 - < 1 %

2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2 < 0.1 %

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content

VOC content: 751.81 g/l Remarks: less exempt

Remarks: less exempt

VOC content: 751.57 g/l Remarks: as packaged





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### **US State Regulations**

### Pennsylvania Right To Know

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4
Isobutyl methyl ketone	108-10-1
Polyamide-imide	Trade secret
Fluoropolymer	Trade secret
2-(2-Butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6
1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-triamine, polymer with formaldehyde,	68002-24-4
butylated isobutylated	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Carbon black	1333-86-4
Butan-1-ol	71-36-3
Butan-2-ol	78-92-2
Cumene	98-82-8
Xylene	1330-20-7
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1
Formaldehyde	50-00-0
Toluene	108-88-3

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Isobutyl methyl ketone, Benzene, Carbon black, Cumene, Formaldehyde, which is/are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone, Isobutyl methyl ketone, Benzene, Toluene, which is/are known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

## **California List of Hazardous Substances**

Isobutyl methyl ketone 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	108-10-1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6

### **California Permissible Exposure Limits for Chemical Contaminants**

N-Methyl-2-pyrrolidone	872-50-4
Isobutyl methyl ketone	108-10-1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Carbon black	1333-86-4

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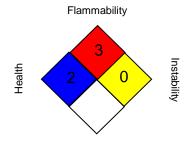


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#### **SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **Further information**

## NFPA 704:



Special hazard.

#### HMIS® IV:



HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. The "\*" represents a chronic hazard, while the "/" represents the absence of a chronic hazard.

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For further information contact the local Chemours office or nominated distributors. All chemical substances in this material are included on or exempted from listing on the TSCA Inventory of Chemical Substances.

#### Full text of other abbreviations

ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)
ACGIH BEI : ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)
NIOSH REL : USA. NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limits

OSHA CARC : OSHA Specifically Regulated Chemicals/Carcinogens

OSHA Z-1 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-1 Lim-

its for Air Contaminants

OSHA Z-2 : USA. Occupational Exposure Limits (OSHA) - Table Z-2 US WEEL : USA. Workplace Environmental Exposure Levels (WEEL)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average ACGIH / STEL : Short-term exposure limit

ACGIH / C : Ceiling limit

NIOSH REL / TWA : Time-weighted average concentration for up to a 10-hour

workday during a 40-hour workweek

NIOSH REL / ST : STEL - 15-minute TWA exposure that should not be exceeded

at any time during a workday

NIOSH REL / C : Ceiling value not be exceeded at any time.

OSHA CARC / PEL : Permissible exposure limit (PEL)

OSHA CARC / STEL : Excursion limit

OSHA Z-1 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average OSHA Z-2 / TWA : 8-hour time weighted average

US WEEL / TWA : 8-hr TWA

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DOT - Department of Transportation; DSL - Domestic Sub-

## 958G-203 ONE COAT BLACK



Version **Revision Date:** SDS Number: Date of last issue: 10/29/2018 04/29/2019 1347456-00037 Date of first issue: 02/27/2017 7.0

stances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; EHS - Extremely Hazardous Substance; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; HMIS - Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC -International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; MSHA - Mine Safety and Health Administration; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NFPA - National Fire Protection Association; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RQ - Reportable Quantity; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG -United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Sources of key data used to compile the Material Safety

**Data Sheet** 

Internal technical data, data from raw material SDSs, OECD eChem Portal search results and European Chemicals Agen-

cy, http://echa.europa.eu/

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Items where changes have been made to the previous version are highlighted in the body of this document by two vertical lines.

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